Radioactive Material Safety Data Sheet

This data sheet presents information on radioisotopes only. For information on chemical compounds incorporating this radionuclide, see the relevant Material Safety Data Sheet.

Promethium-147

Part 1 – Radioactive Material Identification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Common Names:</th>
<th>Promethium-147</th>
<th>Chemical Symbol:</th>
<th>Pm-147 or $^{147}\text{Pm}$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Atomic Number:</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>Mass Number:</td>
<td>147 (86 neutrons)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chemical Form:</td>
<td>Promethium oxide</td>
<td>Physical Form:</td>
<td>Promethium-147 incorporated in a silver foil mounted in a stainless steel holder</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Part 2 – Radiation Characteristics

Physical half-life: 2.6 years

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Principle Emissions</th>
<th>$E_{\text{Max}}$ (keV)</th>
<th>$E_{\text{eff}}$ (keV)</th>
<th>Dose Rate (Gy/h/MBq at 10cm)</th>
<th>Shielding Required</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beta* ( )</td>
<td>225 (99.9%)</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>858$^a$</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gamma ( )/ X-Rays</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alpha ( )</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neutron (n)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$^a$Where Beta radiation is present, Bremsstrahlung radiation will be produced. Shielding may be required.

Note: Only emissions with abundance greater than 10% are shown.


Progeny: Samarium-147 (Sm-147)

Part 3 – Detection and Measurement

Methods of detection (in order of preference)


3. A radiation survey meter equipped with a plastic scintillator detector.

Dosimetry

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Whole Body</th>
<th>Skin</th>
<th>Extremity</th>
<th>Neutron</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Internal:** Sealed sources pose no internal radiation hazard. However, in the event of loss of containment by the sealed source, all precautions should be taken to prevent inhalation or ingestion of the material.

**Critical Organ(s):** not known at this time; possibly bone tissues

**Annual dose limits:**
- **Non-nuclear energy workers:** 1mSv per year
- **Nuclear energy workers:**
  - a) 50 mSv in one year
  - b) 100 mSv total over five years
- **Pregnant nuclear energy workers:** 4 mSv over the balance of the pregnancy

Part 4 – Preventive Measures

*Always use the principles of time, distance and shielding to minimize dose*

**Engineering Controls:** Sealed radioactive sources used in industrial applications should always be within a protective source housing to minimize radiation dose and to protect the source capsule from damage.

**Personal Protective Equipment** (for normal handling of unsealed sources only. Always wear disposable gloves, safety glasses, personal protective equipment and clothing as appropriate to the material handled). No special PPE required.

**Special Storage Requirements:** None

Part 5 – Control Levels

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Oral Ingestion</th>
<th>Inhalation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ALI (kBq)</td>
<td>ALI (kBq)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,850,000</td>
<td>7,400,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Exemption Quantity (EQ):** 10,000,000
Part 6 – Non-Radiological Hazards

None are known at this time

**OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)**
No limit set at this time

Part 7 - Emergency Procedures

*The following is a guide for first responders. The following actions, including remediation, should be carried out by qualified individuals. In cases where life-threatening injury has resulted, first treat the injury, second deal with personal decontamination.*

**Personal Decontamination Techniques**
- Wash well with soap and water and monitor skin
- Do not abrade skin, only blot dry
- Decontamination of clothing and surfaces are covered under operating and emergency procedures

**Spill and Leak Control**
- Alert everyone in the area
- Confine the problem or emergency (includes the use of absorbent material)
- Clear area
- Summon Aid

**Damage to Sealed Radioactive Source Holder**
- Evacuate the immediate vicinity around the source holder
- Place a barrier at a safe distance from the source holder (min. 5 meters)
- Identify area as a radiation hazard
- Contact emergency number posted on local warning sign

**Suggested Emergency Protective Equipment**
- Gloves
- Footwear Covers
- Safety Glasses
- Outer layer or easily removed protective clothing (as situation requires)

Revision Date: August 28, 2002

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